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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/618,418	07/11/2003	Daniel R. Deakter		7063
Daniel R. Deak	7590 04/02/200 ter	EXAMINER		
8281 Hampton Wood Drive			PORTER, RACHEL L	
Boca Raton, FL 33433			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3626	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/618,418	DEAKTER, DANIEL R.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	RACHEL L. PORTER	3626
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pr	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and application Papers	awn from consideration. /or election requirement.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) according a deplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the second state of the second sec	ccepted or b) objected to by the e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority document 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat iority documents have been receiv au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

Notice to Applicant

1. This communication is in response to the application filed 7/11/03. Claims 1-17 are pending.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The IDS's filed 7/11/2003,3/9/2004, and 1/14/2005 have been entered and considered by the Examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-3, 8-10, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baldwin, **System makes it easier to link patients to clinical trials** (hereinafter Baldwin) in view of Angiogenesis Weekly, **Clinical Trials**; **Comprehensive Online Resource Launched** (hereinafter Veritas).

As per claim 1, Baldwin discloses a system for enrolling patients in a medical study, comprising:

a database component operative to maintain a medical practice (e.g. hospital)
 database component and their corresponding plurality of specialties (see

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paragraph 5), and a clinical studies database component and their corresponding plurality of medical studies (see paragraph 24);

- a communications component to alert said medical practices (e.g. hospital) to said medical studies and receive changes to said databases (see paragraph 13);
 and a
- processor programmed to: update said database components (see paragraph
 23);
- periodically match compatible medical information and medical studies (see paragraphs 13 and 14); and
- generate reports to matched medical practices in said medical practice database (see paragraph 23).

Baldwin teaches the features of claim 1 as explained above. It is respectfully submitted that a hospital is a location for the practice of medicine. Baldwin does not explicitly disclose matching medical specialties of medical practices with compatible medical studies. However, Veritas teaches matching medical specialties of medical practices (i.e. physicians) with compatible medical studies (see paragraphs 3 and 4). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of clinical trial matching at the time of the invention to incorporate this matching feature into the system described by Baldwin. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to incorporate this feature for the purpose of enhancing the "fuzzy matching" technique disclosed by Baldwin).

As per claim 2, Baldwin and Veritas in combination disclose the system of claim 1 as explained in the rejection of claim 1. Baldwin further discloses said database component operative to maintain a patient database component identifying patients associated with each said medical practice (i.e. physician) in said medical practice database component (see paragraphs 12 and 23); said processor programmed to: update said patient database component with data supplied by said communications component (see paragraph 23); and generate reports to said matched medical practices to include a listing of prospective patients (see paragraphs 13, 14, and 23).

As per claim 3, Baldwin in view of Veritas disclose the system of claim 1 as described above. Baldwin further discloses a searching component for searching said clinical studies database (see paragraph 18); wherein said searching component is adaptable to receive queries from said medical practices via said searching components (see paragraphs 12-14).

Claims 8-10 and 16 contain substantially similar computerized method limitations to the system limitations recited in claims 1-3 and, as such, are rejected for similar reasons as given above.

5. Claim 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baldwin, **System makes it easier to link patients to clinical trials** (hereinafter Baldwin) in view of Angiogenesis Weekly, **Clinical Trials**; **Comprehensive Online**

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Resource Launched (hereinafter Veritas) and further in view of Knight, (U.S. Patent Application No. 2002/0099570.)

As per claim 15, Baldwin and Veritas in combination disclose the method of claim 8 as described in the rejection of claim 8. Baldwin further discloses posting a for listing each said medical study in said clinical studies database (see paragraph 24). Baldwin does not explicitly disclose receiving queries from prospective patients via said posting component. However, Knight teaches a clinical trial recruitment system that includes a component for receiving queries from prospective patients (see paragraph 52). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of clinical trial matching at the time of the invention to incorporate this feature into the system described by Baldwin. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to include this feature to provide stronger, more accurate matches of clinical trials to specific patients.

6. Claims 4-6 and 11-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baldwin, **System makes it easier to link patients to clinical trials** (hereinafter Baldwin) in view of Angiogenesis Weekly, **Clinical Trials**; **Comprehensive Online Resource Launched** (hereinafter Veritasr) and further in view of Kraftson et al., (U.S. Patent No. 6,151,581)

As per claim 4, Baldwin and Veritas in combination teach the system of claim 2 as described in the rejection of claim 2. Baldwin does not explicitly teach maintaining a fee database component identifying fees associated with procedures performed by

medical specialties; said processor programmed to calculate a total fee to be paid to each said medical practice participating in each said medical study utilizing said fee database component.

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Kraftson teaches such fee calculation features (see column 5, lines 7-22, in particular, "practice management/costs data," and column 13, lines 52-56). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of clinical trial matching at the time of the invention to incorporate this feature into the system described by Baldwin. As suggested by Kraftson one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to incorporate this feature for the purpose of better managing physician costs (see column 5, lines 59-62).

As per claim 5, Baldwin in view of Veritas and Kraftson teach the system of claim 4 as described in the rejection of claim 4. Baldwin does not explicitly teach a fee database component operative to maintain a doctor's fee database component identifying fees associated with doctor's procedures as part of said medical studies and an ancillary fee database component identifying fees associated with miscellaneous charges associated with said medical studies; said processor programmed to calculate said total fee from said doctor's fee database component and said ancillary fee database component.

Kraftson teaches maintaining such a fee database component (see column 10, lines 40-54). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of clinical trial matching at the time of the invention to incorporate this feature into the system

described by Baldwin. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to incorporate this feature for the purpose of better managing physician costs (see column 5, lines 59-62).

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As per claim 6, Baldwin in view of Veritas and Kraftson teach the system of claim 5 as described in the rejection of claim 5. Baldwin does not explicitly disclose generating a billing statement based upon said total fee and a number of patients actually enrolled in one of said plurality of medical studies.

Kraftson teaches such billing features (see column 10, lines 40-54). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of clinical trial matching at the time of the invention to incorporate this feature into the system described by Baldwin. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to incorporate this feature for the purpose of better managing physician costs (see column 5, lines 59-62).

Claims 11-14 contain substantially similar computerized method limitations to the system limitations recited in claims 4-6 and, as such, are rejected for similar reasons as given above.

7. Claims 7 and 17 are under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baldwin in view of Veritas and in further view of Briegs et al (US 7,054,823).

As per claims 7 and 17, Baldwin and Veritas in combination disclose the limitations of claims 2 and 9 as explained in the rejections of claims 2 and 9, but do not

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expressly disclose that the processor is programmed to generate a metric of completed components of the medical study or timeline for completion of the study.

Briegs discloses a system and method wherein timelines and deadlines for study milestones are generated. (col. 9, lines 32-48) It would have been obvious at the time of the Applicant's invention to further modify the teachings of Baldwin and Veritas in combination with the teachings of Briegs to generate timelines and deadlines for the study. As suggested by Briegs, one would have been motivated to include this feature to ensure that the study remains coordinated and well-organized. (col. 1, lines 35-50)

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to RACHEL L. PORTER whose telephone number is (571)272-6775. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, (Christopher) Luke Gilligan can be reached on (571) 272-6770. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/R. L. P./ Examiner, Art Unit 3626

/C Luke Gilligan/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3626